KOCH.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier Ammonia, anhydrous

Other means of identification

SDS Number KF NH3 CA EN

Synonyms Ammonia, 82-00-0, NH3

Recommended use Fertiliser.

Recommended restrictions Use in accordance with supplier's recommendations.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information
Company name Koch Fertilizer, LLC

4111 E 37th Street North

PO Box 2219

Wichita, KS, 67201-2219 kochmsds@kochind.com

1-316-828-7672

Emergency For Chemical Emergency

Call CHEMTREC day or night

1.800.424.9300

Mexico - 1.800.681.9531 Outside USA/Canada

1.703.527.3887

(collect calls accepted)

2. Hazard identification

Physical hazards Flammable gases Category 2

Gases under pressure Liquefied gas

Health hazards Acute toxicity, oral Category 4

Acute toxicity, inhalation Category 3
Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1

Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute Category 1

hazard

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Flammable gas. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Harmful if swallowed.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Toxic if inhaled. Very toxic to aquatic life.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Do not breathe gas. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear

protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Ammonia, anhydrous SDS Canada

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off Response

immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTRE/doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. In case of leakage, eliminate all ignition sources.

Collect spillage.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Protect from Storage

sunlight.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Other hazards None known

Supplemental information None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substances

Chemical name	e Common name and CAS numl synonyms		oer %	
Ammonia		7664-41-7	99-99.8	
Water		7732-18-5	0.2-1	

Composition comments

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

This Safety Data Sheet is not a guarantee of product specification or NPK value(s). NPK content is on specified sales orders, customer invoices, or product specification sheets obtained from supplier.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or

artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other

proper respiratory medical device. Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. If frostbite occurs, immerse involved area in warm Skin contact

> water (between 38 °C/100 °F and 43 °C/110 °F, not exceeding 44 °C/112 °F). Keep immersed for 20 to 40 minutes. Seek medical assistance. Rinse skin with water/shower. Call a physician or poison control centre immediately. Chemical burns must be treated by a physician. Wash

contaminated clothing before reuse.

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if Eye contact

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a physician or poison control centre immediately. If frostbite occurs, immediately flush eyes with plenty of warm water (not exceeding 105°F/41°C) for

at least 15 minutes.

Not likely, due to the form of the product. Call a physician or poison control centre immediately. Ingestion

Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content

Burning pain and severe corrosive skin damage. Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including

doesn't get into the lungs.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed

blindness could result. Cough, shortness of breath, headache, nausea, vomiting.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Chemical burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing

Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

None known.

Specific hazards arising from

media

the chemical

Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Ammonia, anhydrous SDS Canada

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. DO NOT EXTINGUISH A LEAKING GAS FIRE UNLESS LEAK CAN BE STOPPED. In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Do not move cargo or vehicle if cargo has been exposed to heat. If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions; also consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions. ALWAYS stay away from tanks engulfed in flame. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Do not direct water at source of leak or safety devices as icing may occur. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety device or any discolouration of tanks due to fire. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out.

Specific methods

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out.

General fire hazards

Flammable gas. Contents under pressure. Pressurised container may explode when exposed to heat or flame.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep out of low areas. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing gas. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Stop leak if you can do so without risk. If possible, turn leaking containers so that gas escapes rather than liquid. Use water spray to reduce vapours or divert vapour cloud drift. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). This product is miscible in water. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas.

Large Spills: Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Environmental precautions

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Suck back of water into the container must be prevented. Do not allow backfeed into the container. Purge air from system before introducing gas. Use only properly specified equipment which is suitable for this product, its supply pressure and temperature. Contact your gas supplier if in doubt. Avoid containers, piping and fittings made of brass, bronze or other copper containing alloys or galvanized metals. Avoid using containers, pipes and fittings made of zinc-clad or copper bearing alloys. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

Ammonia, anhydrous SDS Canada

915588 Version #: 02 Revision date: 22-April-2020 Issue date: 28-July-2016

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Components	Type	Value		
Ammonia (CAS 7664-41-7)	STEL	35 ppm		
Allinonia (OAO 7004-41-7)	TWA	25 ppm		
Canada. Alberta OELs (Occ Components	upational Health & Safety Code, Scho Type	edule 1, Table 2) Value		
Ammonia (CAS 7664-41-7)	STEL	24 mg/m3		
		35 ppm		
	TWA	17 mg/m3		
		25 ppm		
Canada. British Columbia C Safety Regulation 296/97, a		for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and		
Components	Туре	Value		
Ammonia (CAS 7664-41-7)	STEL	35 ppm		
	TWA	25 ppm		
Canada. Manitoba OELs (Re	eg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety A	nd Health Act)		
Components	Туре	Value		
Ammonia (CAS 7664-41-7)	STEL	35 ppm		
	TWA	25 ppm		
Canada. Ontario OELs. (Co Components	ntrol of Exposure to Biological or Cho Type	emical Agents) Value		
Ammonia (CAS 7664-41-7)	STEL	35 ppm		
	TWA	25 ppm		
Canada. Quebec OELs. (Mir Components	nistry of Labor - Regulation respectin Type	g occupational health and safety) Value		
Ammonia (CAS 7664-41-7)	STEL	24 mg/m3		
		35 ppm		
	TWA	17 mg/m3		
		25 ppm		
Canada Saskatchowan OF	Ls (Occupational Health and Safety R	•		
Components	Type	Value		
Ammonia (CAS 7664-41-7)	15 minute	35 ppm		
	8 hour	25 ppm		
ogical limit values	No biological exposure limits noted for	r the ingredient(s).		
osure guidelines	Follow standard monitoring procedure			
propriate engineering trols	and minimise the risk of inhalation. If concentrations below the Occupation	de adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Observe Occupational Exposure Limits ninimise the risk of inhalation. If engineering measures are not sufficient to maintain entrations below the Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL), suitable respiratory protection mustrn. An eye wash and safety shower must be available in the immediate work area.		
vidual protection measures,	such as personal protective equipm	ent		
Eye/face protection		approved, tight fitting indirect vented or non-vented safety goggles where splashing is ble. Use of full face respirator with a canister or cartridge approved for NH3 is best practic		
Skin protection	•			
Okili protection		e gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier. Thermally protective gloves are nended.		
Hand protection	Suitable gloves can be recommended recommended.	I by the glove supplier. Thermally protective gloves are		

Ammonia, anhydrous SDS Canada

915588 Version #: 02 Revision date: 22-April-2020 Issue date: 28-July-2016

Respiratory protection Respirator type: Chemical respirator with specific cartridge and full facepiece providing protection

against the compound of concern. If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Selection and use of respiratory protective equipment should be in accordance with OSHA General Industry Standard 29 CFR 1910.134; or in Canada with CSA Standard Z94.4. Seek advice from local

supervisor.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices. When using, do not eat,

considerations drink or smoke. Wash hands after handling.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Gas compressed, liquefied.
Form Compressed liquefied gas.

Colour Colourless.

Odour Pungent. Irritating.

Odour threshold 5 ppm

pH 11.7 approximate (1% aqueous solution)

Melting point/freezing point -34.9 °C (-30.82 °F) (20% solution)

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

-33.4 °C (-28.1 °F)

Flash point Not available.

Evaporation rate Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Flammable gas.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

(%)

Flammability limit - upper

28 %

16 %

(%)

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper Not available.

(%)

 Vapour pressure
 124 psi @ 20 °C (68 °F)

 Vapour density
 0.6 @ 0 °C (Air = 1)

 Relative density
 0.633 @ 4 °C (Water=1)

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) 34 % @ 20 °C

Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature651 °C (1203.8 °F)Decomposition temperatureNot available.Viscosity0.27 cP @ -34 °C

Other information

Bulk density 620 kg/m³ @ 16 °C

Explosive properties May form explosive mixtures with air.

Molecular formulaN-H3Molecular weight17.03 g/molOxidising propertiesNot oxidising.Percent volatile100 %

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity Contact with acids will cause evolution of heat.

Chemical stability Stable under normal temperature conditions and recommended use.

Ammonia, anhydrous SDS Canada

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

May react with evolution of heat on contact with water. Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Heat, sparks, flames, elevated temperatures. Heat may cause the containers to explode. May form

explosive mixtures with air. Contact with acids will cause evolution of heat.

Incompatible materials

Acids. Halogens. Oxidizing agents. Mercury, silver oxide or hypochlorite can form explosive

compounds. Zinc.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Upon decomposition, this product may yield poisonous gases including oxides of nitrogen, hydrogen gas and ammonia. Decomposition temperature may be lowered to 575 °F (302 °C) by

contact with certain metals, such as nickel.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Toxic if inhaled.

Skin contact Causes severe skin burns.

Eye contact Causes serious eye damage.

Ingestion Causes digestive tract burns. Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Burning pain and severe corrosive skin damage. Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including

blindness could result.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Toxic if inhaled. Harmful if swallowed. Contact with liquefied gas can cause damage (frostbite)

due to rapid evaporative cooling.

Components Species Test Results

Ammonia (CAS 7664-41-7)

<u>Acute</u>

Inhalation

LC50 Rat 5.1 mg/l, 1 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 350 mg/kg as Ammonium hydroxide

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes severe skin burns. Contact with liquefied gas might cause frostbite, in some cases with

tissue damage.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Causes serious eye damage. Direct contact with liquefied gas may cause eye damage from

frostbite.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Not a respiratory sensitiser.

Skin sensitisation This product is not expected to cause skin sensitisation.

Germ cell mutagenicityNo data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity This product is not classified as a carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicityThis product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Not classified.

Aspiration hazard Not likely, due to the form of the product.

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

Further information Be aware that symptoms of lung edema (shortness of breath) may develop up to 24 hours after

exposure.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Very toxic to aquatic life.

Ammonia, anhydrous SDS Canada

6/9

915588 Version #: 02 Revision date: 22-April-2020 Issue date: 28-July-2016

Components Species Test Results

Ammonia (CAS 7664-41-7)

Aquatic

Fish LC50 Chinook salmon (Oncorhynchus 0.43 - 0.47 mg/l, 96 hours

tshawytscha)

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential No data available.

Mobility in soil This product is miscible in water.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructionsCollect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow

this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches

with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste codeThe waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

Contaminated packaging

products

Dispose of in accordance with all applicable regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain

some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner.

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

14. Transport information

TDG

UN number UN1005

UN proper shipping name ANHYDROUS AMMONIA

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2.3 Subsidiary risk 8

Packing group Not available. Environmental hazards Not available.

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IATA

UN number UN1005

UN proper shipping name

Transport hazard class(es)

Ammonia, anhydrous

Class Forbidden
Subsidiary risk Forbidden
Packing group Not available.

Environmental hazards Yes. **ERG Code** 2CP

Special precautions for user Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Quantity limitation: Forbidden.

IMDG

UN number UN1005

UN proper shipping name AMM0

AMMONIA, ANHYDROUS

Class 2.3 Subsidiary risk 8

Packing group Not available.

Environmental hazards

Transport hazard class(es)

Marine pollutant Yes
EmS F-C, S-U

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Version #: 02 Revision date: 22-April-2020

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

915588

Ammonia, anhydrous SDS Canada

Issue date: 28-July-2016

General information

IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant. Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers: Ensure that containers are firmly secured. Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking. Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted. Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted. Ensure adequate ventilation. Ensure compliance with applicable regulations.

15. Regulatory information

Canadian regulations

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the HPR and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

Controlled Drugs and Substances Act

Not regulated.

Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)

Greenhouse Gases

Not listed.

Precursor Control Regulations

Not regulated.

International regulations

Stockholm Convention

Not applicable.

Rotterdam Convention

Not applicable.

Kyoto Protocol

Not applicable.

Montreal Protocol

Not applicable.

Basel Convention

Not applicable.

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes

Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI) United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

16. Other information

Taiwan

28-July-2016 Issue date 22-April-2020 **Revision date**

Version No. 02

EC50: Effective Concentration, 50%. List of abbreviations

LC50: Lethal Concentration, 50%.

LD50: Lethal Dose, 50%.

Ammonia, anhydrous SDS Canada

915588 Version #: 02 Revision date: 22-April-2020 Issue date: 28-July-2016 Yes

Yes *A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

References

Disclaimer

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity ECHA CHEM

NOTICE: The information contained in this document is based on data considered to be accurate as of the preparation date of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) and was prepared pursuant to applicable Government regulation(s). This SDS may not be used as a commercial specification sheet of manufacturer or seller, and no warranty or representation, expressed or implied, is made as to the accuracy or comprehensiveness of the above data and safety information, nor is any authorization given or implied to practice any patented invention without a license. Additional information may be needed to evaluate other uses of the product, including use of the product in combination with any materials or in any processes other than those specifically referenced. Information provided about any hazards that may be associated with the product is not meant to suggest that use of the product in a given application will necessarily result in any exposure or risk to workers or the general public. Purchasers and users of the product are responsible for determining that this product is suitable for the intended use and application. No responsibility can be assumed by vendor for any damage or injury resulting from failure to adhere to recommended uses, or from any hazards inherent to the product. Purchasers and users assume all risk of use, storage and handling of the product in compliance with applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations. Purchasers and users of the product should explicitly advise their employees, agents, contractors and customers who will use the product of this SDS.

Ammonia, anhydrous SDS Canada